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## АНГЛИЙСКИЕ ЗВУКИ

### Фонетический символ

### Гласные

i:	me, tree, three, he, people, the <sup>1</sup>
ɪ	ship, it, ticket, this, king, shilling
e	bed, pen, egg, yes, men, well
æ	man, that, am, and, Paris, can, Spanish
a:	past, dark, arm, are, car, hard
ɒ	not, lot, wash, song, from, rock, coffee
ɔ:	all, small, ball, or, forty, morning
ʊ	pull, full, look, book
u:	who, move, noon, blue, do, too
ʌ	up, cup, much, sun, some, but
ɜ:	her, Thursday, burn, third, thirteen, worth, work
ə	a, the <sup>2</sup> , under, father, address, servant, Saturday

### Дифтонги

eɪ	say, baby, train, plate, table, waiter, Spain
əʊ	no, smoke, those, motor, only, Poland, hotel
aɪ	five, nine, ice, eye, my, side
aʊ	how, count, flower, cloud, hour, now
ɔɪ	boy, noise, boil, voice
ɪə	dear, clear, beer, really, ear
eə	where, there, their, chair, hair, care
ɔə <sup>3</sup>	four, door, your, more, floor
ʊə	sure, poor

### Фонетический символ

### Согласные

p	pen, pay, people, pull, open, inkpot, help
b	be, bath, boy, husband, bed, beef
t	train, tree, sit, tea, inkpot, table, hotel, stop
d	door, day, sad, kind, desk, Frieda, word
k	cold, back, clock, car, class, king
f	fine, far, safe, flower, fifteen, after

<sup>1</sup> Сильная форма.

<sup>2</sup> Слабая форма.

<sup>3</sup> Во многих случаях в стандартном английском этот звук не употребляется. Вместо него употребляется звук [ɜ:].

**Фонетический  
символ**

**Согласные**

g	gold, bug, girl, dog, good, go, egg
v	very, save, vegetable, seven, never
θ	thank, thick, thin, nothing, think, twentieth
ð	then, that, there, weather, with, together
s	so, sit, sleep, thinks, place, cigarette
z	zero, has, knives, comes, plays, noise
ʃ	ship, sharp, fish, English, shilling, short
ʒ	pleasure, measure
tʃ	Charles, each, Richard, much
dʒ	John, judge, age, Japan, language
h	his, happy, here, help, unhappy
m	man, make, many, my, swim
n	name, near, then, finish
ŋ	sing, thing, working, English, king
r	red, around, very, rich, every, room
l	leave, long, full, pull, greatly, last
w	will, work, away, when, window, wash
j	yellow, year, you, young, yes, piano

**АНГЛИЙСКИЙ АЛФАВИТ**

<b>A</b>	<b>B</b>	<b>C</b>	<b>D</b>	<b>E</b>	<b>F</b>
<b>a</b>	<b>b</b>	<b>c</b>	<b>d</b>	<b>e</b>	<b>f</b>
<b>G</b>	<b>H</b>	<b>I</b>	<b>J</b>	<b>K</b>	<b>L</b>
<b>g</b>	<b>h</b>	<b>i</b>	<b>j</b>	<b>k</b>	<b>l</b>
<b>M</b>	<b>N</b>	<b>O</b>	<b>P</b>	<b>Q</b>	<b>R</b>
<b>m</b>	<b>n</b>	<b>o</b>	<b>p</b>	<b>q</b>	<b>r</b>
<b>S</b>	<b>T</b>	<b>U</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>W</b>	<b>X</b>
<b>s</b>	<b>t</b>	<b>u</b>	<b>v</b>	<b>w</b>	<b>x</b>
		<b>Y</b>	<b>Z</b>		
		<b>y</b>	<b>z</b>		

# LESSON 1 (FIRST LESSON)

## SOME ESSENTIAL STRUCTURES (1)

Number 1 (one)



Number 1 is a man.  
This is a man.



Number 2 (two)



Number 2 is a woman.  
This is a woman.



Number 3 (three)



This is a boy.  
Question: What is this?

**WHAT (ЧТО)**

Answer: This is a boy.

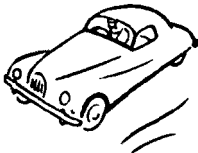
Number 4 (four)



WHAT'S  
THIS?

This is a girl.  
Question: What is this?  
Answer: This is a girl.

Number 5 (five)



This is a car.



**Number 6 (six)**



Question: What is this?

**WHAT IS THIS? (Что это?)**

Answer: It is a train.

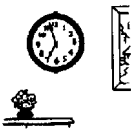
**Number 7 (seven)**



Question: What is number 7?

Answer: Number 7 is a mountain.

**Number 8 (eight)**



Question: What is number 8?

Answer: Number 8 is a clock.

**Number 9 (nine)**



Question: Is this a tree?

**YES (да)**

Answer: Yes, this is a tree.

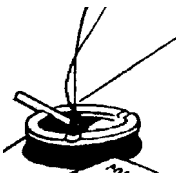
**Number 10 (ten)**



Question: Is this a ship?

Answer: Yes, it is.

**Number 11 (eleven)**

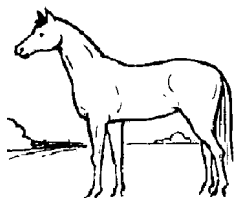


Question: Is this a ship?

**NO (нет)**

Answer: No, it is not a ship; it is a cigarette.

**Number 12 (twelve)**



Question: Is this a cigarette?

Answer: No, it is not a cigarette; it is a horse.

**Number 13 (thirteen)**



This is a man and a boy. (toys — игрушки)

**AND (и)**

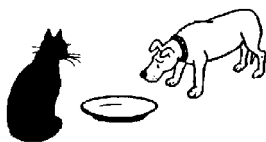
**Number 14 (fourteen)**



Question: What is this?

Answer: It is a woman and a baby.

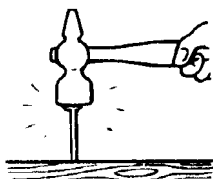
**Number 15 (fifteen)**



Question: Is this a woman and a baby?

Answer: No, it is not; it is a cat and a dog.

**Number 16 (sixteen)**



Question: Is this a cat and a dog?

Answer: No, it is not; it is a hammer and a nail.

### Гласные и дифтонги

[i:]	[ɪ]	[e]	[æ]	[ɑ:]
three fourteen tree fifteen thirteen sixteen	this six ship is baby mountain eleven fifteen in sixteen cigarette	yes ten eleven seven question twelve cigarette lesson	man cat hammer	car answer
[ɒ]	[ɔ:]	[ʊ]	[u:]	[ʌ]
not what dog clock	four horse fourteen	woman put	two	number one [wʌn]
[ɜ:]	[ə]	[eɪ]	[əʊ]	[aɪ]
girl word thirteen first	a woman hammer answer and	train baby nail eight	no motor	five nine write
[aʊ]	[ɔɪ]			
mountain	boy toys			

### Согласные

[ð] (звонкий) this	[t] ten, tree, train, thirteen
[θ] (глухой) three, thirteen	[h] horse, hammer

### УПРАЖНЕНИЯ

#### I. Вставьте пропущенные слова:



Number 1 is a —



Number 2 is a —

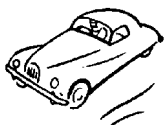




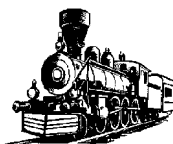
Number 3 is — —



Number 4 — — —



— 5 is a car



— 6 is — —



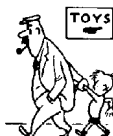
— 7 is — —



Number 8 — — —



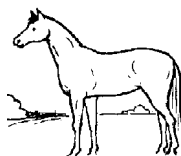
What is this?  
It is — —



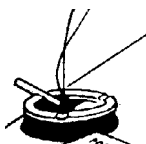
Is this a man and a boy?  
— — —



What is this? — — — —



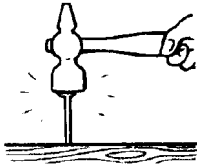
What is this? — — — —



Is this a cigarette? — — —



Is this a cat and a  
dog? — — —



Is this a cigarette?

No, — — —

It is — — — — —



Is this a cat and a dog?

— — — — —

It is — — — — —

### II. Напишете словами числа от 1 до 16:

1                    2                    ...  
one                    two                    ...

### III. Ответъте на въпроси:

1. What is number 1?
2. What is number 2, etc.? (to number 16)
3. Is number 1 a man?
4. Is number 2 a woman?
5. Is number 3 a boy?
6. Is number 4 a train?
7. Is number 5 a mountain?
8. Is number 6 a woman?
9. Is number 7 a girl?
10. Is number 8 a clock?
11. Is number 9 a tree?
12. Is number 10 a cigarette?
13. Is number 11 a woman and a baby?
14. Is number 12 a hammer and a nail?
15. What number is a man? (Answer: Number one is a man.)
16. What number is a ship?
17. What number is a horse?
18. What number is a hammer and a nail?
19. Is number 12 a horse?
20. Is number 16 a cat and a dog?

### Диктант

Man, woman, boy, girl, car, train, mountain, clock, hammer, nail, first.

This is a cigarette. This is a cat and a dog.

## LESSON 2 (SECOND LESSON)

### SOME ESSENTIAL STRUCTURES (2)

Number 17 (seventeen)

Number seventeen is an inkpot.



AN

Number 18 (eighteen)

What is number eighteen?

It is<sup>1</sup> an ice cream.

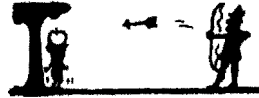


IT'S AN ICE CREAM

Number 19 (nineteen)

Is number nineteen an apple?

Yes, it is.



Number 20 (twenty)

Is this an apple?

Is it an ice cream?

What is it?

It is (it's) an eye.



Number 21  
(twenty-one)

Is this a ship?

Is it a clock?

What is it?

It is (it's) a cat and an umbrella.



Number 22  
(twenty-two)

Is this an umbrella or an aeroplane?

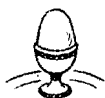
OR (или)

It is (it's) an aeroplane.



<sup>1</sup> Либо краткая форма *It's an ice cream*, которая обычно используется в устной речи.

**Number 23**  
**(twenty-three)**



Is this an egg or an apple?  
It is (it's) an egg.

**Number 24**  
**(twenty-four)**



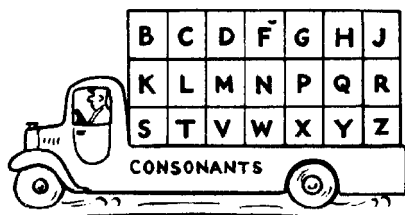
This is a bad egg.  
This egg is bad.  
Is this a good egg?  
Is this egg good?  
No, it is not.

**NO, IT ISN'T<sup>1</sup>**

It is (it's) a bad egg. It is bad.  
It is (it's) a bad one.  
It is not (it isn't) a good one.



(гласные)



(согласные)

**a** перед согласным звуком  
**an** перед гласным звуком

**IN (в)**

The egg is in the egg-cup.  
The boy is in the bed.  
The girl is in the classroom.  
The train is in the station.  
The aeroplane is in the sky.



<sup>1</sup> Эта краткая форма обычно используется в устной речи.

## WHERE (где)

### Question

Where is<sup>1</sup> the egg?  
Where is the boy?  
Where is the girl?  
Where is the train?  
Where is the aeroplane?

### Answer

The egg is in the egg-cup.  
The boy is in the bed.  
(Ответьте на вопросы)

## ON (на)

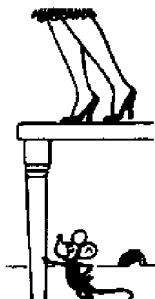
The cigarette is on the table.      The ship is on the sea.  
The clock is on the wall.          The apple is on the plate.

## UNDER (под)



The cat is under the umbrella.  
The mouse is under the table.  
What is under the umbrella?  
The cat is.  
What is under the table?  
The mouse is.

Is the egg in the egg-cup?  
Yes, it is.  
Is the cat under the umbrella?  
Yes, it is.  
Is the train in the sky?  
No, it isn't.  
Is the dog under the umbrella?  
No, it is not (it isn't).



## ФОНЕТИЧЕСКАЯ ТРЕНИРОВКА

[i:]	[ɪ]	[e]	[æ]	[ɑ:]
sea	it	egg	bad	class
seventeen	twenty	seventeen	apple	
eighteen	give	bed	grammar	
nineteen	ink	umbrella		
cream	before	twenty		
	the <sup>2</sup>	second		

<sup>1</sup> Краткая форма *where's*.

<sup>2</sup> Перед гласным звуком.

[ɒ]	[ɔ:]	[ʊ]	[ʌ]	[ə]
on pot consonant	or wall before	good room	under cup umbrella	an the <sup>1</sup> umbrella
[eɪ]	[aɪ]	[aʊ]	[eə]	under vowel second consonant aeroplane grammar
eighteen plate table aeroplane station	eye sky ice nineteen	vowel mouse	where aeroplane	

## УПРАЖНЕНИЯ

### I. Что изображено под № 17, 18 и т. д.?



Number 17



Number 18



Number 19



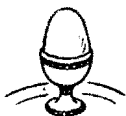
Number 20



Number 21



Number 22



Number 23



Number 24

### II. Поставьте *a* или *an* перед следующими словами:

- |             |              |               |
|-------------|--------------|---------------|
| 1. mountain | 5. inkpot    | 9. aeroplane  |
| 2. woman    | 6. cigarette | 10. man       |
| 3. egg      | 7. dog       | 11. ice cream |
| 4. eye      | 8. mouse     | 12. umbrella  |

<sup>1</sup> Перед согласным звуком.