#### Предисловие

Основная цель данной работы — помочь ученикам 7 класса в освоении грамматики английского языка, в развитии и автоматизации навыков и умений правильно употреблять грамматические формы в речи.

В книге представлен материал, соответствующий школьной программе. Данная работа может служить дополнением к учебнику для 7 класса и использоваться как на уроках и факультативах, так и для самостоятельной работы дома. В конце книги даны ключи.

Каждый грамматический раздел содержит тренировочные упражнения с образцом выполнения для развития и совершенствования грамматических навыков.

Приступая к работе, ученик должен внимательно прочитать задание к упражнению и пример его выполнения. Желательно не только выполнить упражнение письменно, но и проговорить всё вслух.

Успехов в изучении английского языка!

# UNIT 1: Appearance

Look + adjective		like to do
They look quiet	He looks like his father	He likes to read
1. Выбери правил	<b>гьный вариант.</b>	
1) My friend alway	ys ( <u>looks</u> /looks like) beaut	iful.
2) My grandparen	ts (like/look like) to cook.	
, • ,	ks like) James Bond.	
, , , , ,	looks like) more than fort	
,	s dress she will (like/look l	· ·
· -	a lot and (looks/looks like)	_
7) They (like/look	like) to watch interesting	films.
2. Поставь общий	і вопрос и дай краткий от	твет.
1) The building lood <i>did</i> .	oked terrible. <i>Did the buil</i>	ding look terrible? Yes, it
2) All members of	my family like cats.	
3) Oleg looks like l	his father.	
4) They did not lik	te to read poems.	
5) My friend will l	ook like a famous singer.	
6) She looks rather		
3. Поставь специа	альный вопрос.	
1) I look like my m	${ m nother.}\ {\it Who}\ {\it looks}\ {\it like}\ {\it mot}$	her?
2) She likes to dece	orate her house.	
What		?
3) The pupil looke	d tired.	
How		?
,	ok like officers in their ne	
What		?
5) She doesn't look	x attractive.	

# Lesson 1: Конструкции look, look like, like (продолжение). 4. Найди правильную пару. 1) She has long fair hair and pale skin. a) He looks so tired ➤b) She looks like Snow 2) The boy works hard the whole month. Maiden c) They look healthy 3) They go in for sports. 4) The boy eats a lot of sweet. d) He looks really fat 5) The house had many rooms. e) She likes to read 6) The girl often borrows books from the f)It looked like a castle library. **5**. Переведи. 1) Летом у неё много веснушек на лице и она похожа на солнышко. 2) Она часто улыбается и выглядит дружелюбной. 3) Если он оденет эту шляпу, он будет похож на известного актёра. 4) Она любит проводить время с друзьями. 5) Он выглядит таким романтичным. 6. Найди и исправь ошибку. 1) The animals look like dangerous. 2) My friends always likes beautiful.

4) She don't like her sun-tanned skin.

5) My uncle looks like more than forty.

6) She look very friendly and active.

7) He looks likes a famous designer. \_\_\_\_\_

3) He looks Harry Potter.

#### Lesson 2: Образование прилагательных. Степени сравнения.

#### 7. Выбери правильный вариант.

- 1) This building is (modern/more modern/the most modern) in our city.
- 2) Her hair is (long/longer/the longest) than her sister's.
- 3) He is (a handsome/more handsome/the most handsome) young man.
- 4) The weather in Britain is (bad/worse/the worst) than in Belarus.
- 5) The girl in this picture looks (pretty/prettier/the prettiest).

8.	Напиши п	попушенные	степени	сравнения	прилагательных
o.	паниши п	гропущенные	степени	сравнения	прилагательных

1) merry 2)	merrier	the merriest the most unpleasant		
3) grey				
4)		the worst		
9. Напиши пр	авильную степен	ь сравнения прилагательных.		
1) You are (fr	iendly) person here	e. You are the most friendly person.		
2) She is much	n (kind) than her sis	ster.		
3) It was the (	bad) time in my life	······································		
4) She is (inte	lligent) pupil in our	r class.		
5) Winter is (	cold) than autumn.			
	вопрос.			
1) Which day	of the year is the lo	ongest?		
	youngest in your cl			
3) What subje	ct do you like best	of all?		
4) Does your f	riend speak English	h better than you?		
	справь ошибку.			
1) Josh is talle	er of all the boys in	the school.		
		ır work.		
		on TV.		
4) This is the l	happier day of my l	ife.		

## Lesson 3: used to. 12. Переведи. 1) She used to travel a lot, but now she likes to stay at home. 2) Dennis didn't use to play tennis, but he plays very often now. 3) This building is a shop. It used to be a cinema. 4) We used to live in a small village, but now we live in London. 5) I didn't use to have short hair. 6) He used to have problems at his English lessons, but now he speaks fluently. 13. Напиши отрицание. 1) The pupils used to take exams. The pupils didn't use to take exams. 2) My friend used to meet Olga on the way to school every morning. to meet Olga on the way to school every day. My friend 3) Sam used to go in for swimming. Sam to go in for swimming. 4) We used to watch TV a lot. We to watch TV a lot. 5) My grandfather used to ride a horse. My grandfather to ride a horse. 14. Выбери правильный вариант. 1) My father (used to go/use to go) jogging. 2) Mary (doesn't used to spend/didn't use to spend) a lot of money on her clothes. 3) My sister (used to get/didn't used to get) only good marks at school. 4) They (used to give/used to gave) presents to each other. 5) The aunt (used to keep/used to kept) to a diet.

7

8) Nelly (used to cook a meal/uses to cook a meal) for the whole family.

6) Ted (used to go/uses to go) in for swimming.

7) We (used to go/used to went) to Paris at Christmas.

#### Lesson 3: used to (продолжение).

#### 15. Найди правильную пару.

- 1) It used to take me an hour to get to work by bus.
- 2) They didn't use to travel every summer.
- 3) Oleg used to smoke every day. c) It takes me 20 minutes to get
- 4) They used to live in a flat in Minsk.
- 5) My sister used to be a student. e) Now they travel round Europe
- 6) I didn't use to have freckles in summer.

- a) He gave up smoking 3 years ago.
- b) Now they live in their own house.
- to work by car now.
- d) She is a doctor now.
- every year.
- f) I have millions of them when the weather is sunny.

#### 16. Переведи.

- 1) Когда я была ученицей я часто ходила в парк с родителями.
- 2) Раньше у неё были короткие волосы, а теперь до плеч.
- 3) Раньше он играл в хоккей, но теперь не играет.
- 4) Когда она была ребёнком, она ела много конфет.
- 5) Когда мне было 6 лет, я читал много книг.

#### 17. Найди и исправь ошибку.

- 1) They used to phoned each other every week.
- 2) I doesn't use to visit so many parties.
- 3) Oleg didn't used to look sun-tanned.
- 4) She used to wrote letters to her granny.
- 5) Nally didn't used to cook.

### Lesson 4: used to (вопросительные предложения).

18. Поставь общий вопрос.	
1) He used to play hockey 2 years ago. Did he use to pla	iy hockey 2 years
ago?	1
2) Mike used to ride a bike very well.	to ride
a bike very well?	
3) The pupils used to wear suits	
4) My friend used to like to ask questions very of	
to like to ask questions very often	
5) She used to skate very wellto	skate very well?
6) Pete used to be in love with Kate.	to be in
love with Kate?	
19. Поставь специальный вопрос.	
1) Olga used to like apples when she was a child.	
What fruit did Olga use to like when she was a chil	d?
2) They used to live in the country.	
Where	?
3) My brother used to jog every morning.	
What	7
4) Susan used to travel a lot with her parents.	
With whom	7
5) It used to take me one hour to get to work.	
How long	?
20. Поставь специальный вопрос к подчёркнутым	словам.
1) Mike used to play the piano very well.	
What instrument did Mike use to play very well?	
2) He used to drink <u>a lot of milk</u> when he was a child.	
3) The boys used to go to the skating-rink to skate.	
4) He used to spend <u>3 hours</u> in the library every day.	
5) My granny used to sing <u>folk songs</u> very well.	

# Lesson 4: used to (продолжение). 21. Составь вопрос. 1) What, use, to do, didn't, you? What didn't you use to do? 2) did, they, to have, use, what, pets? 3) you, use to, did, how much, spend, money, on food? 4) his, use to, friend, what, did, speak, language? 5) with whom, to, use to, Liz, go, did, a party? 6) did, use to, where, his, work, mother? 22. Ответь на вопрос. 1) Where did you use to go shopping every weekend? (supermarket) I used to go shopping in the supermarket every weekend. 2) What prize did her uncle use to win? (money) 3) Where did they use to go very often? (parks, circus) 4) With whom did Oleg use to travel a lot? (with his granny) 5) What fruit did Bob use to like when he was a child? (pears) 6) How long did it use to take Phil to get to work? (half an hour) 23. Найди и исправь ошибку. 1) What pies did she used to bake?

#### 10

2) With whom Helen used to go to the cinema?

5) How long did it use to took her to get to work?

3) Where they did use to live?

4) Did he used to ride a bike very well?

### **UNIT 2: Shopping**

# Lesson 1: The Present Perfect Tense with since, for. 24. Переведи. 1) We haven't been to the cinema for ages. 2) I have known her for a long time. 3) Oleg has been in Minsk since January. 4) The Smiths have been at the seaside for the whole month. 5) I haven't seen my friends since last trip. 25. Выбери правильный вариант. 1) He has forgotten his Spanish (since/for) he left Cuba. 2) I haven't seen him (since/for) ages. 3) I have been in the library (since/for) morning. 4) I have known him (since/for) childhood. 5) I have known him (since/for) years. **26.** Переведи. 1) Я знаю её уже 12 лет.\_\_\_\_\_ 2) Не было дождя здесь с марта. 3) Мы друзья с детства. 4) У них эта машина уже 6 месяцев. 5) Мы не были в кино уже много лет. 27. Найди и исправь ошибку. 1) Mr. Pitt has been in hospital for his accident. \_\_\_\_\_\_ 2) He hasn't seen his friend for he left school. 3) I have been awake for four o'clock.

4) My friends has been to the supermarket since 2 o'clock.

#### **Lesson 2: Present Perfect.**

28. Поставь глагол в Present Perfect и подчеркни слова-подсказки
1) They (not to be) to England yet. They have not been to England yet
2) My friend and I (to see) an interesting film recently.
3) He (to call) me several times this week.
4) The pupils (not to do) the Exercise yet.
5) The snow just (to stop).
6) She (not to write) to me since last year
7) We never (to be) to Paris.
8) I (not to see) Mary today.
29. Поставь общий вопрос и дай краткий ответ.  1) Oleg has begun to study history this morning.  Has Oleg begun to study history? — Yes, he has.  2) He has just talked to his teacher.
3) They have moved to a new flat today.
4) She has answered the letter lately.
5) We have done a lot of work this year.
6) Lorry has spent all money this week.