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**РОССИЙСКИЙ УЧЕБНИК**

Английский язык как второй иностранный

*Учебное издание*

**Афанасьева Ольга Васильевна, Михеева Ирина Владимировна**

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**4-й год обучения. 8 класс**

**Учебник**

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# Unit 1



## Visiting the USA<sup>1</sup>

3

Step One

### Step One

#### Do It Together

- 1 Listen to this traditional English song and sing along, 🎧 (1).

#### One Man Went to Moor

1. One man went to moor<sup>2</sup>,  
Went to moor on meadow<sup>3</sup>.  
One man and his dog,  
One man and his dog  
Went to moor on meadow.
2. Two men went to moor,  
Went to moor on meadow.  
Two men, one man,  
One man and his dog  
Went to moor on meadow.
3. Three men went to moor,  
Went to moor on meadow.  
Three men, two men,  
One man and his dog  
Went to moor on meadow.



<sup>1</sup> (the) USA [ˌju: es ˈeɪ] = the United States of America — Соединённые Штаты Америки

<sup>2</sup> a moor [mʊə] — вересковая пустошь

<sup>3</sup> a meadow [ˈmeɪəʊ] — луг

4. Four men went to moor,  
Went to moor on meadow.  
Four men, three men, two men,  
One man and his dog went to moor on meadow.
5. Five men went to moor,  
Went to moor on meadow.  
Five men, four men, three men, two men,  
One man and his dog went to moor on meadow.
6. Six men went to moor,  
Went to moor on meadow.  
Six men, five men, four men, three men, two men,  
One man and his dog went to moor on meadow.
7. Seven men went to moor,  
Went to moor on meadow.  
Seven men, six men, five men, four men, three men,  
two men,  
One man and his dog went to moor on meadow.
8. Eight men went to moor,  
Went to moor on meadow.  
Eight men, seven men, six men, five men, four men,  
three men, two men,  
One man and his dog went to moor on meadow.
9. Nine men went to moor,  
Went to moor on meadow.  
Nine men, eight men, seven men, six men, five men,  
four men, three men, two men,  
One man and his dog went to moor on meadow.
10. Ten men went to moor,  
Went to moor on meadow.  
Ten men, nine men, eight men, seven men, six men,  
five men, four men, three men, two men,  
One man and his dog went to moor on meadow.

**2 Complete the tag questions<sup>1</sup> and answer them.**

Example: You travelled a lot during your summer holidays, ...?

— You travelled a lot during your summer holidays, didn't you?

— Yes, I did. (No, I didn't. I stayed at home.)

<sup>1</sup> a tag question = a disjunctive question — разделительный вопрос

- 1) You didn't go anywhere, ...?
- 2) You stayed in your home town, ...?
- 3) The weather was terrible in the summer, ...?
- 4) It never rained in the summer, ...?
- 5) You often went boating, ...?
- 6) Nobody went with you, ...?
- 7) You didn't make sandcastles on the beach, ...?
- 8) You had a lot of fun, ...?
- 9) You couldn't go abroad, ...?
- 10) Your parents were with you during the summer, ...?
- 11) You weren't in the north of our country, ...?
- 12) You didn't go to the forest much, ...?
- 13) You saw a lot of interesting places, ...?
- 14) You didn't write a diary, ...?
- 15) You didn't invite anybody to visit you, ...?

**3** You have just come back to school. Tell your friends a few words about your summer holidays. Follow the plan.

*A. If you travelled*

- Who did you travel with?
- How long did you stay there?
- What did you do in the morning and in the afternoon?
- Where did you go in the evening?
- Did you have fun?
- What are the places you visited famous for?
- Where are they situated?
- What souvenirs did you buy?
- Were your holidays interesting? Boring?

*B. If you stayed in your home town*

- When did you usually get up?
- What did you do in the morning?
- Did you go to the forest (river, mountains)?
- Who did you go there with?
- What did you do about the house?
- How much did you read?
- What games<sup>1</sup> did you play? Who did you do it with?
- Did you ride a bike?

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<sup>1</sup> a game [gem] — игра

- What did you do in the evening?
- Did you write a diary?
- What films did you see?
- What museums did you visit?
- Who came to your place?
- Were your holidays interesting? Boring?

**4** Listen, (2), and choose the right item<sup>1</sup>.



**Dialogue A**

- 1) John went to the USA with ... .
  - a) Yura
  - b) his family
  - c) his friends
- 2) People call<sup>2</sup> New York ... .
  - a) “the Big Apple”
  - b) “the Little Apple”
  - c) “the Apple”
- 3) Yura would like to see New York’s ... .
  - a) streets
  - b) bridges
  - c) skyscrapers<sup>3</sup>
- 4) John’s going to Washington, D.C. ... .
  - a) at the weekend
  - b) on Friday
  - c) on Monday
- 5) John is going to send Yura a ... .
  - a) letter
  - b) telegram
  - c) postcard

**Dialogue B**

- 1) John ... it in New York.
  - a) likes
  - b) hates
  - c) doesn’t like
- 2) New Yorkers are ... .
  - a) selfish
  - b) kind
  - c) friendly
- 3) It’s raining in ... .
  - a) Moscow
  - b) New York
  - c) Washington, D.C.
- 4) Yesterday’s show was ... .
  - a) not good
  - b) rather good
  - c) very good
- 5) John’ll ... from Washington, D.C.
  - a) write
  - b) go away
  - c) call

<sup>1</sup> **an item** [ˈaɪtəm] — пункт; зд.: вариант

<sup>2</sup> **to call** [kɔ:l] — называть

<sup>3</sup> **a skyscraper** [ˈskaɪˌskreɪpə] — небоскрёб

### Dialogue C

- 1) In Washington, D.C. John is staying ...  
a) at a hotel                      b) with friends                      c) in an old castle
- 2) John is going to see Washington ...  
a) in the morning      b) in the afternoon      c) in the evening
- 3) John and Sally are going to see ...  
a) the White House and the Cathedral  
b) the White House and the Potomac [pə'təʊmæk] River  
c) the White House and the Capitol
- 4) Yura and Sally are going to the city centre with ...  
a) their mother              b) their father              c) their cousins
- 5) Yura is going to get some of John's ...  
a) CDs                              b) e-mails                              c) photos

- 5** John Barker and his family visited the USA in the summer. He knows a lot about America now. How much do you know about it? Say: true or false.



- 1) New York is the capital of the USA.
- 2) Russians came to America in the 18th century.
- 3) America is a country of immigrants.
- 4) Chicago [ʃɪ'kɑ:gəʊ] is situated in the south of the USA.
- 5) There are fifty states<sup>1</sup> in the USA.
- 6) There are fifty stars on the American flag.
- 7) All American states are situated in South America.
- 8) The United States is smaller than Russia.
- 9) The Mississippi is the longest river in the world.
- 10) There are no high mountains in the USA.
- 11) California is a US city.
- 12) Texas ['teksəs] is the biggest state of the USA.

<sup>1</sup> a state [steɪt] — штат

6 Listen, (3), and repeat.

8

Unit 1



**continent** ['kɒntɪnənt]: Africa is a continent. South America and North America are continents too.

**Europe** ['jʊərəp]: Italy, Finland, Spain are situated in Europe.

**Asia** ['eɪʃə]: Russia is situated in Europe and Asia.

**Australia** [ə'streɪliə]: Australia is a country and a continent.

**nationality** [nəʃə'nælɪti]: I am Russian. It is my nationality. John is English. It is his nationality.

**historic** [hɪ'stɒrɪk]: Red Square is a historic place.

**Germany** ['dʒɜ:məni]: Germany is situated in Europe.

**Ireland** ['aɪələnd]: Ireland is to the west of Great Britain.

7 Learn how to pronounce and use the new words. Listen, (4), and repeat.

A.

**bring** [brɪŋ] — приносить, приводить

**build** [bɪld] — строить

**moon** [mu:n] — луна

**only** ['əʊnli] — 1) *adv* только; 2) *adj* единственный

**proud** [praʊd] — гордый

**skyscraper** ['skaɪ,skreɪpə] — небоскрёб

**state** [steɪt] — 1) штат; 2) государство

**remember** [rɪ'membə] — помнить

**same** [seɪm] — такой же

**wild** [waɪld] — дикий

B.

**bring (brought [brɔ:t]):** John brought me a cup of tea. Summer brings warmer weather. We are going to have a party, come and bring your friends. Bring back my book, please.

**build (built [bilt]):** What is grandpa building? When did they build the new road near your farm? — They built it last year.

**building:** Houses, schools, shops, hotels are buildings.

**the moon:** the sun and the moon, on the moon. Can you see the moon in the sky?

**only:** 1) Only Fred can help me. I know only one foreign language. 2) an only child, an only friend. Benny is an only child in the family.

**proud:** a proud man, a proud woman, proud people. He was too proud to go back to his parents' home.

**be proud of:** Susan is proud of her parents. Alex says he is proud of his job.

**skyscraper:** Skyscrapers are very high buildings. There are many skyscrapers in New York.

**state:** 1) How many states are there in the USA? Which is the biggest state? 2) France is a state in Europe.

**remember:** I never remember when she was born. Do you remember her address? Did you remember to buy bread?

**same:** the same clothes, the same answer. It's the same old story, I don't want to hear it again.

**at the same time:** 1) I can't understand what you are saying if you all talk at the same time. 2) Moscow is a very old city. At the same time it is young and modern.

**wild:** a wild animal, a wild flower. What wild animals do you know?

### 8 Match the words in the two columns.

- |                   |                 |
|-------------------|-----------------|
| 1) to be proud of | a) the moon     |
| 2) to build       | b) the country  |
| 3) to bring       | c) the question |
| 4) to walk on     | d) a bridge     |
| 5) to remember    | e) a cup of tea |

### 9 Complete the sentences. Use the words from the box.

high, historic, only, proud, same, wild

- 1) Ben has no brothers or sisters in the family. He is an ... child.
- 2) Mrs Davidson is ... of her children. They are so talented.
- 3) There are so many ... buildings in New York.



- 4) I am ... to say that John is one of the first pupils in our class.
- 5) The Kremlin is a ... place in Moscow.
- 6) You can see a lot of ... animals in the zoo.
- 7) We can buy this computer I think. The ... problem is — we haven't got so much money.
- 8) We are staying at the ... hotel as you.
- 9) It's the ... film that they showed last year.
- 10) Have you got any ... flowers in your garden?
- 11) Are there many ... monuments in St Petersburg?

**10 A.** Read the text and match the titles<sup>1</sup> with the paragraphs. There is one extra title.

1. Country of Immigrants
2. New Home for English-Speaking People
3. The Old and the New Hand-in-Hand
4. American Traditions

### The New World

a) The United States is a young country. It is only a few hundred years old. Millions of people from other countries and continents — Europe, Asia, Africa, Australia and South America — find their new home in the United States.

b) The people of the United States are of many different nationalities. These different people brought to the new home their traditions, holidays and festivals. From Germany they brought Christmas trees. From Ireland they brought St Patrick's Day celebrations. From Scotland they brought Halloween. Americans celebrate the festivals of the Old World. But there are new American festivals and traditions too.

c) Americans like new ideas. They built the first skyscrapers and they put the first man on the Moon. They like to be modern. They enjoy big modern cities, new houses and new cars. At the same time Americans love old things. They like to visit historic houses and museums. They remember their country's history and the days of the "Wild West". Most of them are very proud of their country and love it.

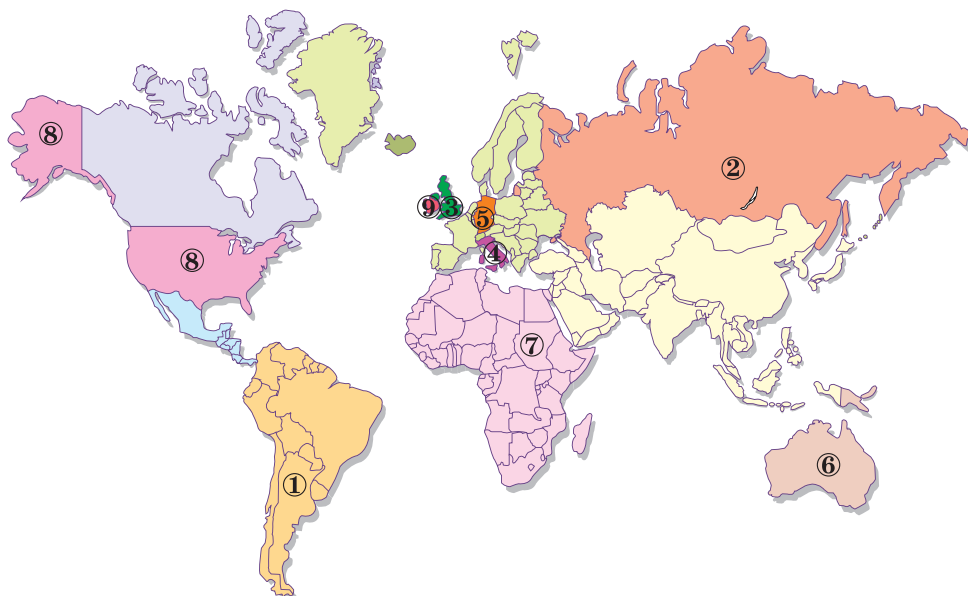
**B.** Listen,  (5), and read the text again after it.

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<sup>1</sup> a title ['taɪtl] — название, заголовок

**11 Answer the questions.**

- 1) What is the New World?
- 2) Why is the USA a country of immigrants?
- 3) What continents do immigrants come to the USA from?
- 4) What do immigrants bring with them?
- 5) Do Americans celebrate only new holidays and festivals?
- 6) Who put the first man on the Moon?
- 7) Are many Americans patriots? Why do you think so?

**12 Speak about the people of the USA. Use exercises 10 and 11.****Do It on Your Own****13 Write what they are.**

1. \_\_\_ 2. \_\_\_ 3. \_\_\_ 4. \_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_ 6. \_\_\_ 7. \_\_\_ 8. \_\_\_ 9. \_\_\_

**14 Write the English for:**

историческое здание, пятьдесят штатов, вернуть тетрадь, построить мост, высокие небоскрёбы, полевые цветы, мой единственный друг, тот же ответ, гордиться этой страной, луна и звёзды, помнить российскую историю, самое большое государство.

# Step Two

## Do It Together

**1 A.** Listen to the text "The Big Apple", (6), and say which of the sentences are true.

1. a) All jazz musicians wanted to work in Washington, D.C.  
b) All jazz musicians wanted to work in New York.
2. a) They called New York "The Big Apple" because it was the best city to work in.  
b) They called New York "The Big Apple" because it was the biggest city in the USA.
3. a) More than twelve million people come to visit New York every year.  
b) More than twenty million people come to visit New York every year.
4. a) The name of New York's park is Central Park.  
b) The name of New York's park is Quiet Park.
5. a) New York has no beaches.  
b) New York has a lot of beaches.
6. a) Broadway is famous for its shows.  
b) Broadway is famous because it's five kilometres long.

**B.** Say what information about New York the text gives. What else do you know about this city?

**2** Match the items in the columns.

- |                      |   |
|----------------------|---|
| 1) Texas             | a) The continent where Italy, Spain, France and Germany are situated. |
| 2) California        | b) The capital of the USA.  |
| 3) The Potomac River | c) The American state where Hollywood is situated.                    |
| 4) Europe            | d) One of the biggest states in the USA in the south of the country.  |
| 5) New York          | e) The name of the continent and at the same time of the country.     |
| 6) Washington, D.C.  | f) The country which has got fifty states.                            |
| 7) Australia         | g) The city people call "the Big Apple".                              |
| 8) The Mississippi   | h) The longest river of the USA.                                      |
| 9) The USA           | i) The river which Washington, D.C. is situated on.                   |
| 10) The New World    | j) North, Central and South America.                                  |

**3 Complete these sentences.**

**A.**

- 1) I remember the day when ... .
- 2) I remember the place where ... .
- 3) I remember the song which ... .
- 4) I remember the man who ... .
- 5) I remember the time when ... .
- 6) I remember the book which ... .

**B.**

- 1) I am proud of ... .
- 2) My parents are proud of ... .
- 3) My friend is proud of ... .
- 4) My teacher is proud of ... .
- 5) We are proud of ... .

**4 Answer the questions.**

- 1) How many states are there in the USA?
- 2) What continent is the USA situated on?
- 3) People of many nationalities live in the States, don't they?
- 4) Which American cities can you see a lot of tall buildings in?
- 5) What do people usually call the tall buildings of New York and Chicago?
- 6) What names of American cities and states do you remember?
- 7) Is Washington and Washington, D.C. the same place (thing)?
- 8) What are Americans proud of?
- 9) What tradition did they bring from Germany?
- 10) What celebration did they bring from Scotland?
- 11) What holiday did they bring from Ireland?

**5 Say what they built in the city of Norton and when.**

Example: They built a bridge in the city of Norton in 1840 (eighteen forty).



1840



2000



1978



1754



2001



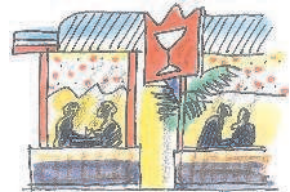
1872



1995



1968



1981



1954



1986



1920

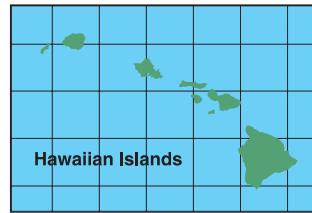


1952



1833

6 Listen, (7), repeat the names and find these places on the map.



- 1) the United States of America
- 2) Canada ['kænədə]
- 3) Mexico ['meksɪkəʊ]
- 4) the Pacific Ocean [pə'sɪfɪk 'əʊʃn] (the Pacific)
- 5) the Atlantic Ocean [ət'læntɪk 'əʊʃn] (the Atlantic)
- 6) Alaska [ə'læskə]
- 7) Hawaii [hə'waɪ]
- 8) the Rocky Mountains [ˌrɒki 'maʊntɪnz]
- 9) the Appalachian [ˌæpə'leɪʃjən] Mountains (the Appalachians)
- 10) the Grand Canyon [ˌgrænd 'kænjən]
- 11) the Great Plains
- 12) Death Valley [ˌdeθ 'væli]
- 13) the Mississippi River (the Mississippi)
- 14) the Colorado [ˌkɒlə'rɑ:dəʊ] River (the Colorado)
- 15) the Great Lakes

## 7 Say what they are.

Example: California is a state.

- |                     |                  |
|---------------------|------------------|
| 1) the Pacific      | 7) the Colorado  |
| 2) Canada           | 8) Alaska        |
| 3) the Appalachians | 9) Hawaii        |
| 4) Mexico           | 10) the Atlantic |
| 5) the Mississippi  | 11) the USA      |
| 6) the Ontario      | 12) the Huron    |

## 8 Learn how to pronounce and use the new words. Listen, (8), and repeat.

### A.

**border (on)** ['bɔ:də] — граница (с)

**chain** [tʃeɪn] — цепь

**coast** [kəʊst] — побережье

**deep** [di:p] — глубокий

**flow** [fləʊ] — течь

**island** ['aɪlənd] — остров

**large** [lɑ:dʒ] — большой

**lie** [laɪ] — лежать

**mighty** ['maɪti] — могущественный, могучий

**part** [pɑ:t] — часть

**plain** [pleɪn] — равнина

**stretch** [stretʃ] — тянуться, простирается

**valley** ['væli] — долина

### B.

**border:** to border on sth. What countries does Russia border on? The USA borders on Canada in the north.

**chain:** a golden chain, a chain of mountains. That day Anne had a beautiful chain round her neck. The Urals are a chain of mountains situated in Europe and Asia.

**coast:** the Atlantic coast, on the coast. My town is situated on the coast.

**deep:** a deep river, a deep lake. My younger brother is afraid to swim in deep water. How deep is this canyon?

**flow:** to flow west, to flow north, to flow into the ocean. The Volga flows into the Caspian Sea. The Colorado flows south.

**island:** an island in the ocean, a chain of islands. What islands are situated to the east of Russia? I can take you to the island in a boat.

**large:** a large city, a large family. We stayed in a large hotel on the sea coast.

**lie (lay [leɪ]):** to lie on the sofa, to lie on the river. He lay down on the floor. The farm lay three kilometres from the sea.